

Examining the factor structure of the 40-item Defense Style Questionnaire among adults with depression: an individual participant data meta-analysis

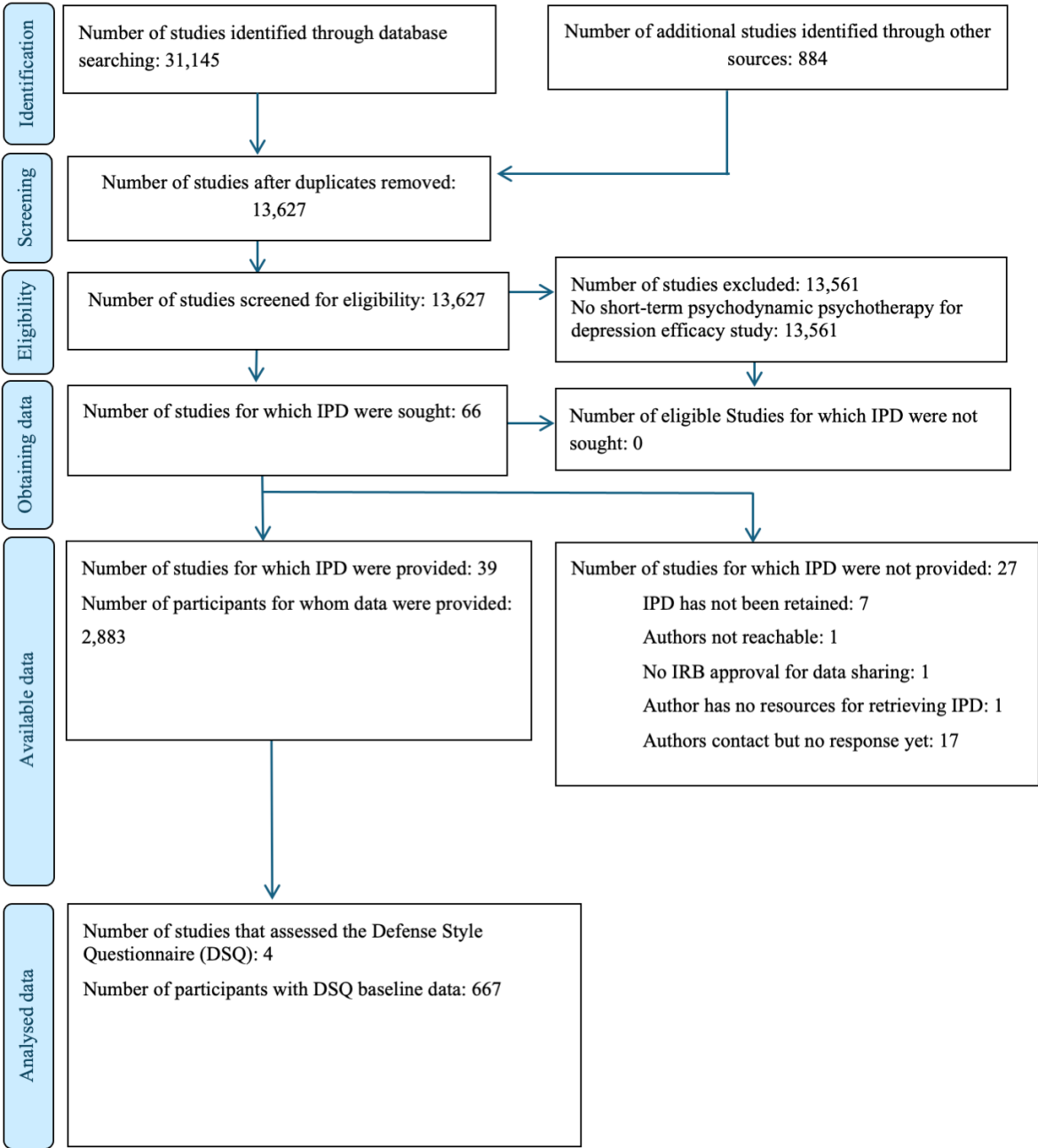
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SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Supplementary Figure 1. PRISMA individual participant data flowchart (1st January 2025).



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Supplementary Table 1. PRISMA individual participant data checklist.

Section and Topic	Item #	Checklist item	Location where item is reported
TITLE			
Title	1	Identify the report as a systematic review.	1
ABSTRACT			
Abstract	2	See the PRISMA 2020 for Abstracts checklist.	4
INTRODUCTION			
Rationale	3	Describe the rationale for the review in the context of existing knowledge.	5-8
Objectives	4	Provide an explicit statement of the objective(s) or question(s) the review addresses.	7-8
METHODS			
Eligibility criteria	5	Specify the inclusion and exclusion criteria for the review and how studies were grouped for the syntheses.	8-9
Information sources	6	Specify all databases, registers, websites, organisations, reference lists and other sources searched or consulted to identify studies. Specify the date when each source was last searched or consulted.	8
Search strategy	7	Present the full search strategies for all databases, registers and websites, including any filters and limits used.	8-9

Section and Topic	Item #	Checklist item	Location where item is reported
Selection process	8	Specify the methods used to decide whether a study met the inclusion criteria of the review, including how many reviewers screened each record and each report retrieved, whether they worked independently, and if applicable, details of automation tools used in the process.	8-9
Data collection process	9	Specify the methods used to collect data from reports, including how many reviewers collected data from each report, whether they worked independently, any processes for obtaining or confirming data from study investigators, and if applicable, details of automation tools used in the process.	9
Data items	10a	List and define all outcomes for which data were sought. Specify whether all results that were compatible with each outcome domain in each study were sought (e.g. for all measures, time points, analyses), and if not, the methods used to decide which results to collect.	9-10
	10b	List and define all other variables for which data were sought (e.g. participant and intervention characteristics, funding sources). Describe any assumptions made about any missing or unclear information.	Na
Study risk of bias assessment	11	Specify the methods used to assess risk of bias in the included studies, including details of the tool(s) used, how many reviewers assessed each study and whether they worked independently, and if applicable, details of automation tools used in the process.	Na
Effect measures	12	Specify for each outcome the effect measure(s) (e.g. risk ratio, mean difference) used in the synthesis or presentation of results.	10-11
Synthesis methods	13a	Describe the processes used to decide which studies were eligible for each synthesis (e.g. tabulating the study intervention characteristics and comparing against the planned groups for each synthesis (item #5)).	Na
	13b	Describe any methods required to prepare the data for presentation or synthesis, such as handling of missing summary statistics, or data conversions.	9-11
	13c	Describe any methods used to tabulate or visually display results of individual studies and syntheses.	10-11

Section and Topic	Item #	Checklist item	Location where item is reported
	13d	Describe any methods used to synthesize results and provide a rationale for the choice(s). If meta-analysis was performed, describe the model(s), method(s) to identify the presence and extent of statistical heterogeneity, and software package(s) used.	10-11
	13e	Describe any methods used to explore possible causes of heterogeneity among study results (e.g. subgroup analysis, meta-regression).	Na
	13f	Describe any sensitivity analyses conducted to assess robustness of the synthesized results.	11
Reporting bias assessment	14	Describe any methods used to assess risk of bias due to missing results in a synthesis (arising from reporting biases).	Na
Certainty assessment	15	Describe any methods used to assess certainty (or confidence) in the body of evidence for an outcome.	Na
RESULTS			
Study selection	16a	Describe the results of the search and selection process, from the number of records identified in the search to the number of studies included in the review, ideally using a flow diagram.	11-12
	16b	Cite studies that might appear to meet the inclusion criteria, but which were excluded, and explain why they were excluded.	Na
Study characteristics	17	Cite each included study and present its characteristics.	11-12
Risk of bias in studies	18	Present assessments of risk of bias for each included study.	Na

Section and Topic	Item #	Checklist item	Location where item is reported
Results of individual studies	19	For all outcomes, present, for each study: (a) summary statistics for each group (where appropriate) and (b) an effect estimate and its precision (e.g. confidence/credible interval), ideally using structured tables or plots.	12-14
Results of syntheses	20a	For each synthesis, briefly summarise the characteristics and risk of bias among contributing studies.	Na
	20b	Present results of all statistical syntheses conducted. If meta-analysis was done, present for each the summary estimate and its precision (e.g. confidence/credible interval) and measures of statistical heterogeneity. If comparing groups, describe the direction of the effect.	12
	20c	Present results of all investigations of possible causes of heterogeneity among study results.	Na
	20d	Present results of all sensitivity analyses conducted to assess the robustness of the synthesized results.	12-14
Reporting biases	21	Present assessments of risk of bias due to missing results (arising from reporting biases) for each synthesis assessed.	Na
Certainty of evidence	22	Present assessments of certainty (or confidence) in the body of evidence for each outcome assessed.	Na
DISCUSSION			
Discussion	23a	Provide a general interpretation of the results in the context of other evidence.	14-16
	23b	Discuss any limitations of the evidence included in the review.	16
	23c	Discuss any limitations of the review processes used.	16

Section and Topic	Item #	Checklist item	Location where item is reported
	23d	Discuss implications of the results for practice, policy, and future research.	17
OTHER INFORMATION			
Registration and protocol	24a	Provide registration information for the review, including register name and registration number, or state that the review was not registered.	8
	24b	Indicate where the review protocol can be accessed, or state that a protocol was not prepared.	8
	24c	Describe and explain any amendments to information provided at registration or in the protocol.	11
Support	25	Describe sources of financial or non-financial support for the review, and the role of the funders or sponsors in the review.	2
Competing interests	26	Declare any competing interests of review authors.	2
Availability of data, code and other materials	27	Report which of the following are publicly available and where they can be found: template data collection forms; data extracted from included studies; data used for all analyses; analytic code; any other materials used in the review.	3, 8

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Supplementary Table 2. Model fit indices for the 1-, 3-, and 4-factor (multigroup) confirmatory factor analyses.

Sample	Model	SB χ^2 (df)	CFI	TLI	RMSEA [90% CI]	SRMR	BIC
Combined ^a	1-Factor	899.58 (340)	0.42	0.35	0.10 [0.09, 0.11]	0.12	38240.95
	3-Factor	675.13 (334)	0.63	0.58	0.08 [0.07, 0.09]	0.10	38065.24
	4-Factor	572.94 (328)	0.74	0.70	0.07 [0.06, 0.08]	0.09	37984.45
Dekker <i>et al.</i> (2008)/ Van <i>et al.</i> (2009a)	1-Factor	422.56 (170)	0.43	0.37	0.10 [0.09, 0.12]	0.11	15973.68
	3-Factor	340.36 (167)	0.62	0.57	0.09 [0.07, 0.10]	0.10	15898.29
	4-Factor	308.51 (164)	0.68	0.63	0.08 [0.07, 0.09]	0.09	15883.74
Dos Santos <i>et al.</i> (2020)	1-Factor	477.11 (170)	0.40	0.33	0.10 [0.08, 0.10]	0.12	22182.47
	3-Factor	335.02 (167)	0.64	0.59	0.08 [0.06, 0.09]	0.10	22077.91
	4-Factor	265.41 (164)	0.80	0.77	0.06 [0.04, 0.07]	0.08	22007.43
Knekt & Lindfors (2004)	1-Factor	456.10 (152)	0.46	0.40	0.08 [0.07, 0.09]	0.09	31472.96
	3-Factor	374.56 (149)	0.61	0.55	0.07 [0.06, 0.08]	0.08	31401.67
	4-Factor	373.74 (146)	0.61	0.55	0.07 [0.06, 0.08]	0.08	31413.99

SB χ^2 , Satorra-Bentler scaled chi-square; CFI, robust comparative fit index; TLI, robust Tucker-Lewis index; RMSEA, robust root mean square error of approximation; CI, confidence interval; SRMR, scaled standardized root mean square residual; BIC, scaled Bayesian information criterion. Thresholds for good model fit were defined as CFI/TLI > .95, RMSEA < .06, SRMR < .08; values meeting these thresholds are shown in bold. For BIC, lower values indicate better fit. ^aData from Knekt & Lindfors (2004) were excluded because of differences in items assessing rationalization.

Supplementary Table 3. Standardized factor loadings in the best-fitting models of the DSQ-40 per sample.

Defense Mechanism	Dekker et al. (2008)/Van et al. (2009a)				Dos Santos et al. (2020)				Knekt & Lindfors (2004)		
	MD	IDD	ID	ND	MD	IDD	ID	ND	MD	ID	ND
1. Humor	.646				.489				.491		
2. Suppression	.420				.465				.458		
3. Sublimation	.565				.399				.484		
4. Anticipation	.634				.498				.046		
5. Rationalization	.510				.687					-	
6. Isolation		.326				.360				.128	
7. Dissociation		.423				.366				.108	
8. Devaluation		.671				.474				.371	
9. Splitting		.575				.327				.410	
10. Denial		.340				.455				.293	
11. Autistic fantasy			.403				.626			.305	
12. Displacement			.272				.400			.436	
13. Passive aggression			.502				.635			.605	
14. Somatization			.322				.348			.394	
15. Acting out			.387				.493			.176	
16. Projection			.494				.647			.501	
17. Reaction formation				.394				.397			.558
18. Idealization				.365				.452			.390
19. Pseudo-altruism				.598				.247			.412
20. Undoing				.401				.395			.592

MD, mature defenses; IDD, image-distorting defenses; ID, immature defenses; ND, neurotic defenses; -, defense mechanisms assessed using different items and therefore excluded for comparability. Factor loadings meeting the criterion of ≥ 0.40 with $p < .05$ are displayed in bold.